

Recall Factoring:

Factoring out a GCF:

a.

Factoring trinomials:

b.

Factoring out a GCF, then trinomial:

c.

Factoring Special Cases:

d.

## Factoring by Grouping

Sometimes if you have a polynomial with no common factor in EVERY term, factor by grouping can work....

Examples:

a.

b.

c.  $10r^3 + 6r^2 - 5r - 3$

d.  $28x^3 + 49x^2 - 16x - 28$

## Factoring Polynomials in Quadratic Form

Examples:

a.

b.

c.  $x^3 + 7x^2 - 9x - 63$

d.  $16g^4 - 625$

## Factoring with Cube Patterns

### Sum of Two Cubes

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$64x^3 + 27 =$$

### Difference of Two Cubes

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$8x^3 - 125 =$$

Examples:

a.  $3y^5 - 75y^3$

b.  $16b^5 + 686b^2$

### CHOOSE THE APPROPRIATE METHOD!!!!

a.

b.

c.  $z^5 - 3z^4 - 16z + 48$

d.  $32w^5 - 108w^2$

## Solving Polynomial Equations

We can use the zero product property to solve polynomial equations as well:

a.

b.

c.  $y^3 - 5y^2 = 0$

d.  $d^6 - 4d^4 - 9d^2 + 36 = 0$




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## Practice 7.4

**Factor completely by factoring out a GCF, then factoring the remaining trinomial.**

1)  $x^3 + x^2 - 6x$

2)  $2x^4 - 12x^3 + 18x^2$

3)  $10x^4 - 90x^2$

4)  $x^3 - 7x^2 + 12x$

**Factor each sum of cubes.**

5)  $27x^3 + 125$

6)  $8x^3 + 27$

**Factor each difference of cubes.**

7)  $8x^3 - 1$

8)  $27x^3 - 125$

**Factor each completely by grouping.**

9)  $x^3 + 5x^2 - 6x - 30$

10)  $7r^3 - 42r^2 - 3r + 18$

11)  $5n^3 + 40n^2 - n - 8$

12)  $6x^3 - x^2 - 42x + 7$

**Factor each quadratic form polynomial completely.**

13)  $x^4 + 6x^2 - 16$

14)  $m^4 - 1$

15)  $5a^5 + 55a^3 + 150a$

16)  $4x^5 - 16x^3 + 12x$  Hint: Take out a GCF!!

**Solve for x.**

17)  $x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 10 = 0$

18)  $x^4 - 7x^2 - 18 = 0$

19)  $x(3x - 5)(x - 4) = 0$

20)  $9x^4 - 30x^2 + 25 = 0$

21)  $8x^4 - 54x^2 + 81 = 0$

22)  $x^3 - 2x^2 + x = 0$

**This problem is optional. Only the Jedi Knights of factoring should attempt it.**

23)  $x^9 - 25x^5 + 144x = 0$

## 7.4 – Factor and Solving Polynomials

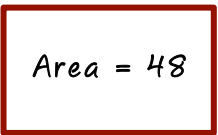
3

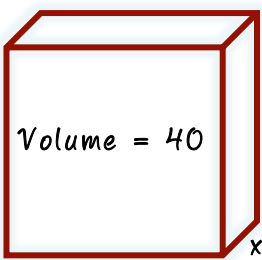
### Application 7.4

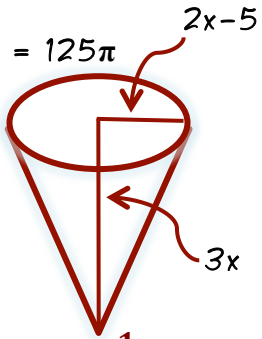
1. Factor:  $z^5 - 3z^4 - 16z + 48$

2. Solve:  $48y^5 = 27y^3$

Find the possible value(s) of  $x$ .

3. a.   $(x+4)$   
 $(3x + 2)$   
Rectangle

b.   $x-1$   
 $2x$   $x-4$   
Volume = 40

c.   $2x-5$   
Volume =  $125\pi$   
 $3x$   
 $V_{\text{cone}} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

4. Ramstein HS decides that the foyer needs a giant bust of Mr. Brust's head: a "Bust-o-Brust," you could say. The *Bust-o-Brust* is to be made from 250 cubic inches of clay in the shape of a rectangular prism (see # 3b above). The height and the width of the prism each have to be 5 inches less than the length. Draw a picture and solve a polynomial equation to find the dimensions of the prism.

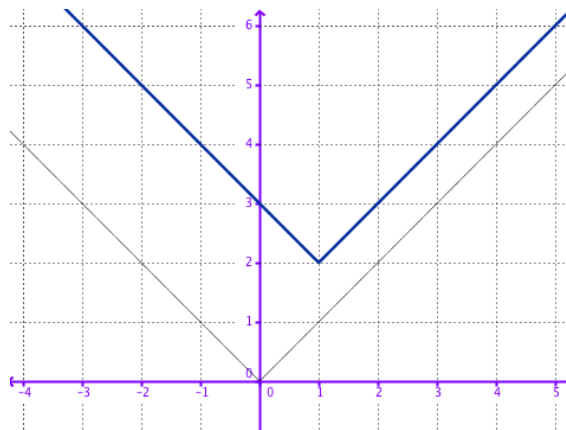
# 7.4 – Factor and Solving Polynomials

## Algebra Skillz

### GRAPH

Below, the graph of  $f(x) = |x - 1| + 2$  is sketched in bold. Its parent function  $f(x) = |x|$  is represented by the thin curve.

- Describe the translation of the parent graph.
- How does the translation relate to the equation?



### SIMPLIFY

3.  $\sqrt{25} + \sqrt{40} + \sqrt{90}$

4.  $\sqrt{6}(12 - 2\sqrt{2})$

### SOLVE

5. Solve:  
 $x^2(x + 14) = 0$

6. Factor and solve.  
 $x^2 - 25x + 24 = 0$

## SAT Review

### MUTIPLE CHOICE

For what value of x is the statement below false?

$$5x^2 < (5x)^2$$

- (A) -5
- (B) 0
- (C)  $\frac{1}{5}$
- (D) 1
- (E) For no value of x

### Free Response

Let  $\boxed{x}$  be defined as  $\boxed{x} = x^2 - x$  for all values of x. If  $\boxed{a} = \boxed{a - 2}$ , what is the value of a?

	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9