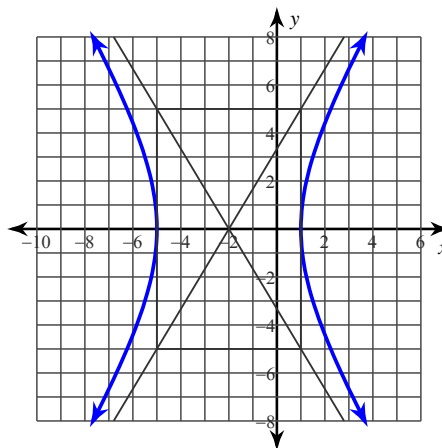


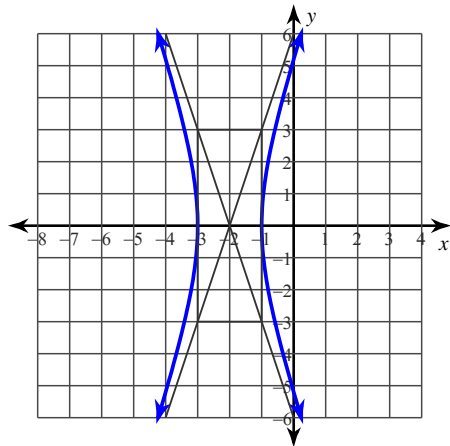
## 11.3 Corrective Assignment - Hyperbolas

Use the information provided to write the standard form equation of each hyperbola.

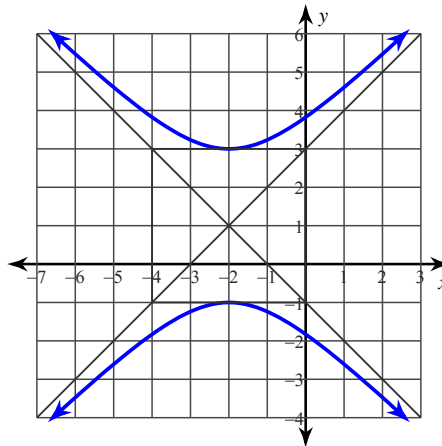
- 1) Vertices:  $(0, 11), (0, -11)$   
Endpoints of Conjugate Axis:  $(14, 0)$   
 $(-14, 0)$
- 2) Vertices:  $(0, 4), (0, -4)$   
Endpoints of Conjugate Axis:  $(9, 0)$   
 $(-9, 0)$
- 3) Vertices:  $(8, 0), (-8, 0)$   
Endpoints of Conjugate Axis:  $(0, 10)$   
 $(0, -10)$
- 4) Center at  $(0, 0)$   
Transverse axis is vertical; central rectangle is 22 units wide and 14 units tall
- 5) Center at  $(0, 0)$   
Transverse axis is horizontal; central rectangle is 20 units wide and 6 units tall
- 6) Center at  $(0, 0)$   
Transverse axis is horizontal; central rectangle is 8 units wide and 12 units tall
- 7) Vertices:  $(5, -2), (5, -16)$   
Conjugate Axis is 16 units long
- 8) Vertices:  $(2, -4), (-8, -4)$   
Conjugate Axis is 30 units long
- 9) Vertices:  $(-4, 8), (-4, -12)$   
Conjugate Axis is 16 units long
- 10)



11)



12)



- 13) Center at  $(-9, 4)$   
Transverse axis is vertical; central rectangle is 2 units wide and 26 units tall

- 14) Center at  $(-10, -7)$   
Transverse axis is horizontal; central rectangle is 26 units wide and 16 units tall

- 15) Center at  $(1, 8)$   
Transverse axis is horizontal; central rectangle is 8 units wide and 10 units tall

## Answers to 11.3 Corrective Assignment - Hyperbolas (ID: 2)

$$\begin{array}{llll} 1) \frac{y^2}{121} - \frac{x^2}{196} = 1 & 2) \frac{y^2}{16} - \frac{x^2}{81} = 1 & 3) \frac{x^2}{64} - \frac{y^2}{100} = 1 & 4) \frac{y^2}{49} - \frac{x^2}{121} = 1 \\ 5) \frac{x^2}{100} - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1 & 6) \frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{36} = 1 & 7) \frac{(y+9)^2}{49} - \frac{(x-5)^2}{64} = 1 & \\ 8) \frac{(x+3)^2}{25} - \frac{(y+4)^2}{225} = 1 & 9) \frac{(y+2)^2}{100} - \frac{(x+4)^2}{64} = 1 & 10) \frac{(x+2)^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1 & \\ 11) (x+2)^2 - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1 & 12) \frac{(y-1)^2}{4} - \frac{(x+2)^2}{4} = 1 & 13) \frac{(y-4)^2}{169} - (x+9)^2 = 1 & \\ 14) \frac{(x+10)^2}{169} - \frac{(y+7)^2}{64} = 1 & 15) \frac{(x-1)^2}{16} - \frac{(y-8)^2}{25} = 1 & & \end{array}$$